



REDD PLAN FOR ACRE STATE

AMAZON BRAZIL



164,221 km2

4% of the Brazilian Amazon

655,385 inhabitants

ACRE



State of Acre



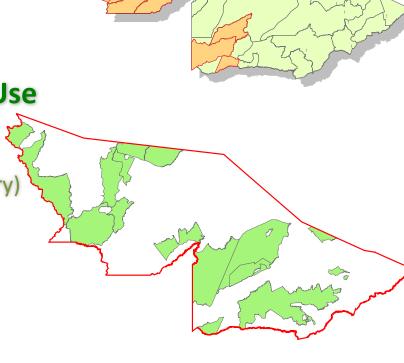
Protected Areas

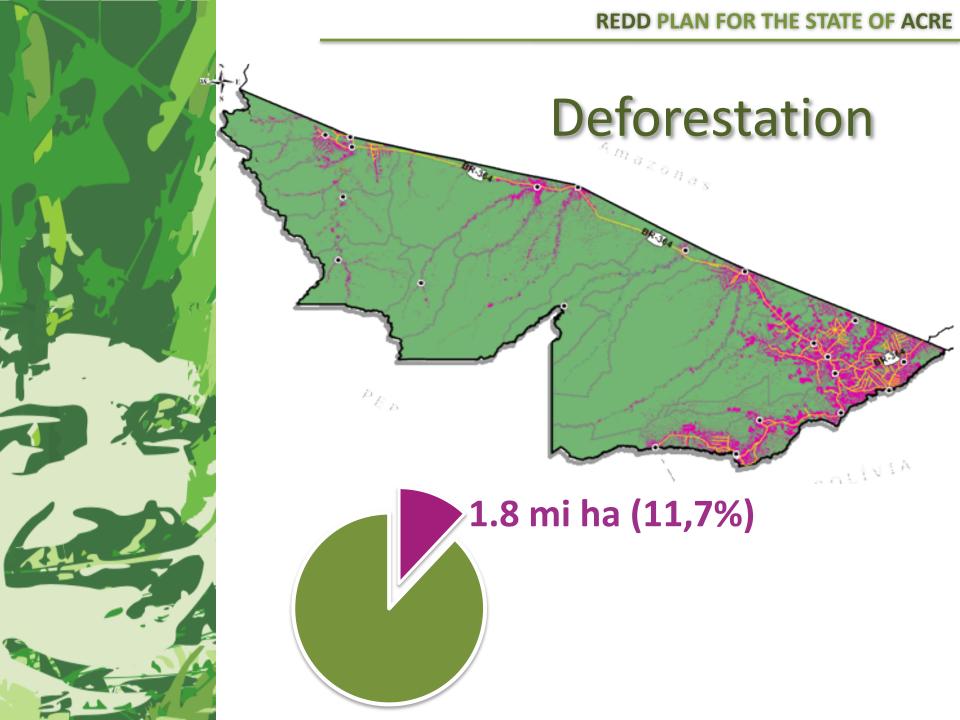
Indigenous Territories

- 2,390,112 ha (16% territory)
- 11,442 peoples
- 14 nations

Strict and Sustainable Use Protected Areas

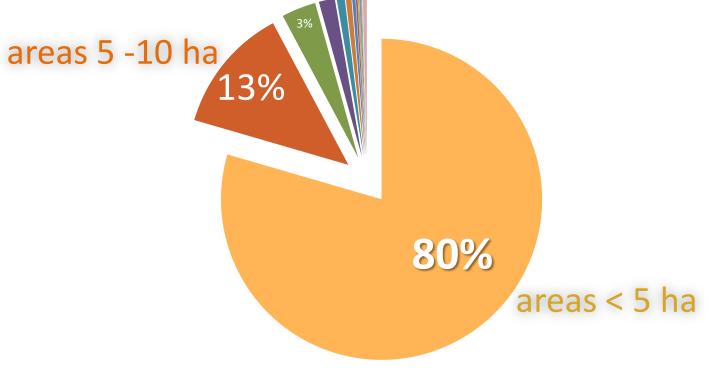
- 5,255,072 ha (32% territory)
- 30,512 rubber tappers





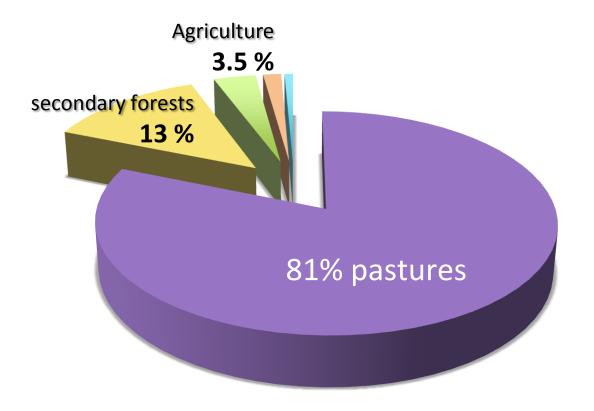


Percentage of deforestation polygons per size (2007)





Land Use Cover



For each ha of **Agriculture**: 23 ha of **Pastures**

ACRE

Zoneamento Ecológico-Econômico

FASE II - Escala 1:250.000









2000 1:1.000.000



2007 1:250.000



Policy for Valuing Forest Assets



Secretarias da Área de Desenvolvimento Sustentável

SECGOV SEAP | IDAF | SDCT | FUNTAC | IDM | SEMA | IMAC | ITERACRE **SEAPROF**

SECOM | SAI | PGE | MPE

ASIMMANEJO FAEAC FETACRE





REDD Plan Goal

Reduce greenhouse gas emissions from deforestation and forest degradation (REDD) through both improved enforcement and economic incentives to service providers accessing multiple financing mechanisms.



Specific Goals on Acre REDD Plan

- To guarantee consistent, effective and long lasting reductions on deforestation and forest degradation
- To guarantee economic viability demonstrating that
 - (i) Sustainable practices are adopted,
 - (ii) Environmental Services are provided and,
 - (iii) Trading benefits are channelled to service providers
- To guarantee constant financial flows to implement REDD Plan

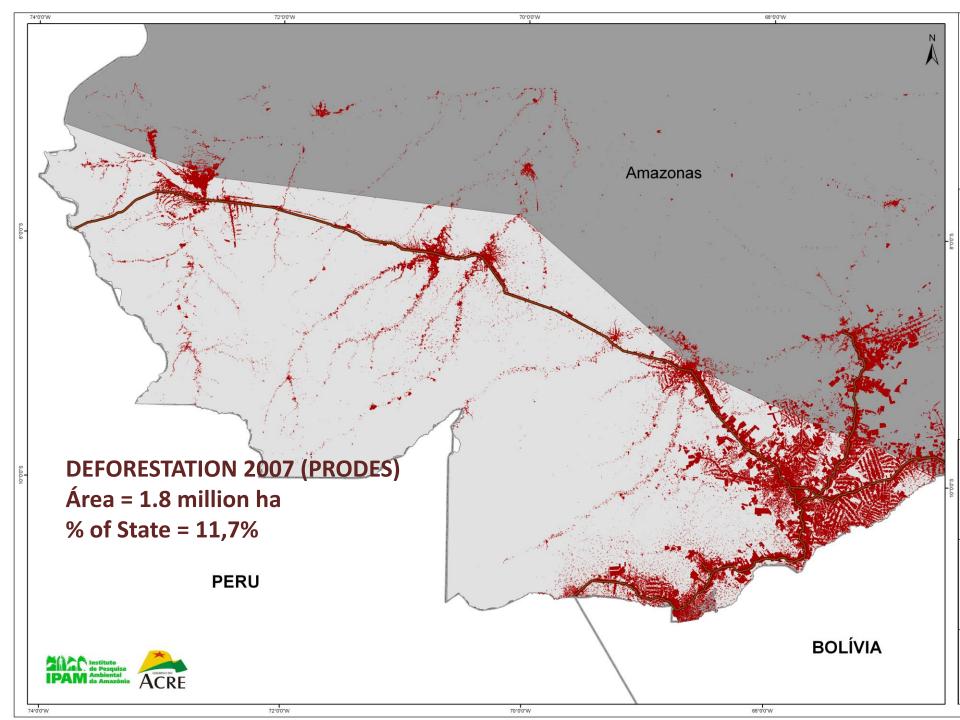


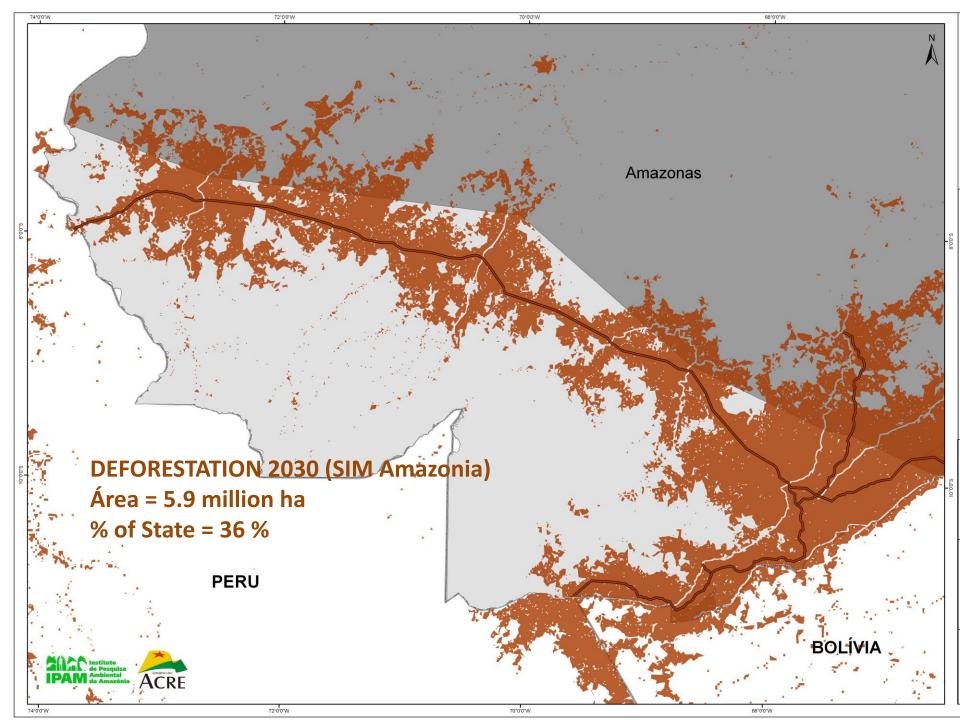
Premises for Acre REDD Plan

- All forest lands will be contemplated (protected areas, settlement projects and private lands)
- All major rural populations benefited:
 - Forest conservation compensation indigenous groups and forest communities (historical conservation), Principle of equitable sharing of benefits.
 - Incentives for environmentally sound land uses for Small households in Settlement Projects and mid to large farmers to adopt land use that exert less pressure on) forests.



1. Gradual implementation: limited availability of resources demand a gradual approach for PES = Definition of Priority Areas.



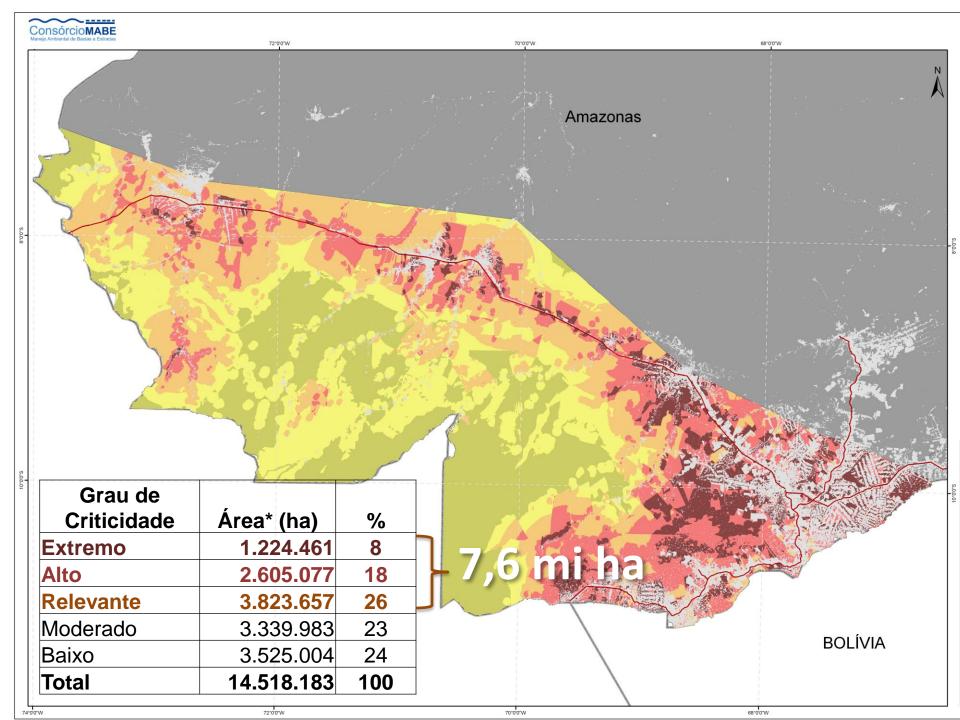


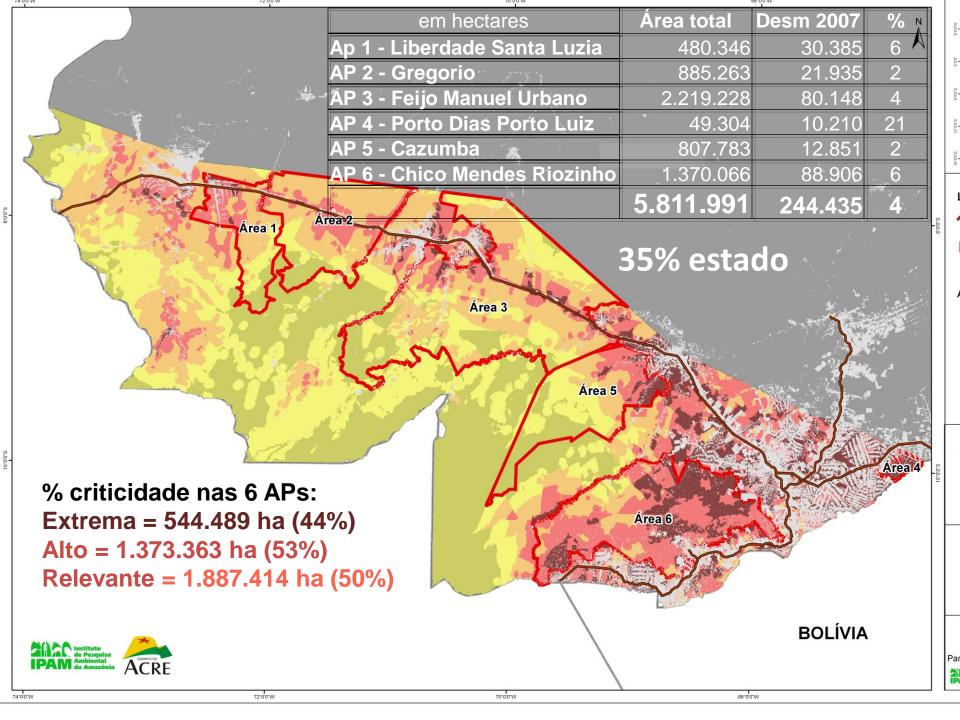


12 Variables for definition of critical areas for deforestation

In order of relevance:

- 1. Cattle breeding
- 2. Proximity to deforestation
- 3. Proximity to roads
- 4. Traditional Settlement Projects
 - 5. Private Properties
 - 6. Proximity to cities
 - Rural population concentration
 - 3. Timber potential
- 9. Differentiated Settlement Projects
- 10. Sustainable Use Protected Areas
- **11.** Indigenous Territories
- 12. Strict Use Protected Areas





Characteristics of Priority Areas

- 13% of 2007 deforestation
- High deforestation risk
- Large forest cover (low % of deforested área)

	Área total	Desmate 2007	% Área total	Desmate 2030	% Área total
AP 1 - Liberdade Santa Luzia	480.346	30.385	6	233.097	49
AP 2 - Gregorio	885.263	21.935	2	516.458	58
AP 3 - Feijo Manuel Urbano	2.219.228	80.148	4	878.709	40
AP 4 - Porto Dias Porto Luiz	49.304	10.210	21	44.049	89
AP 5 - Cazumba	807.783	12.851	2	181.774	23
AP 6 - Chico Mendes Riozinho	1.370.066	88.906	6	450.918	33
	5.811.991	244.435	4	2.305.006	40

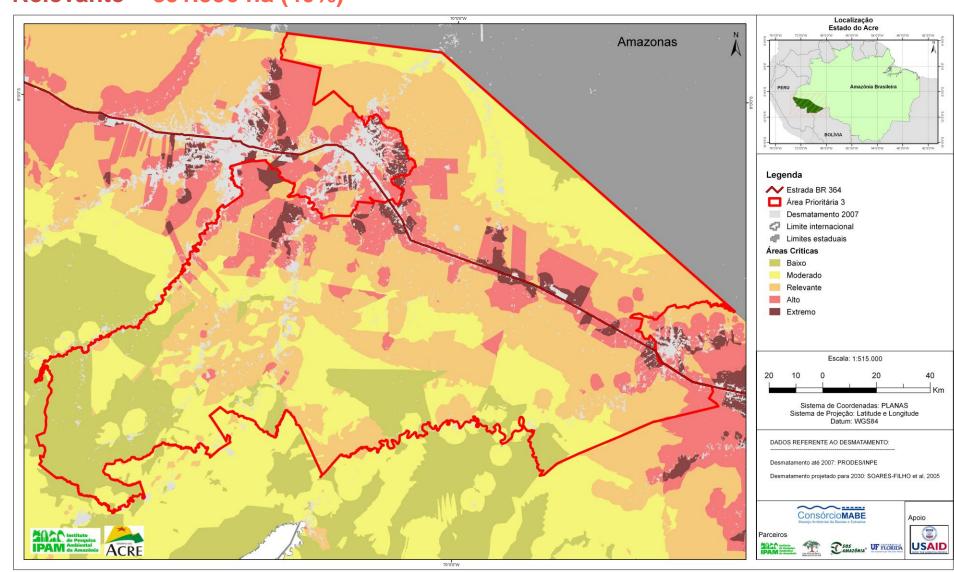
Priority Area 3 – Feijo Manuel Urbano

Extrema = 53.715 ha (2%)

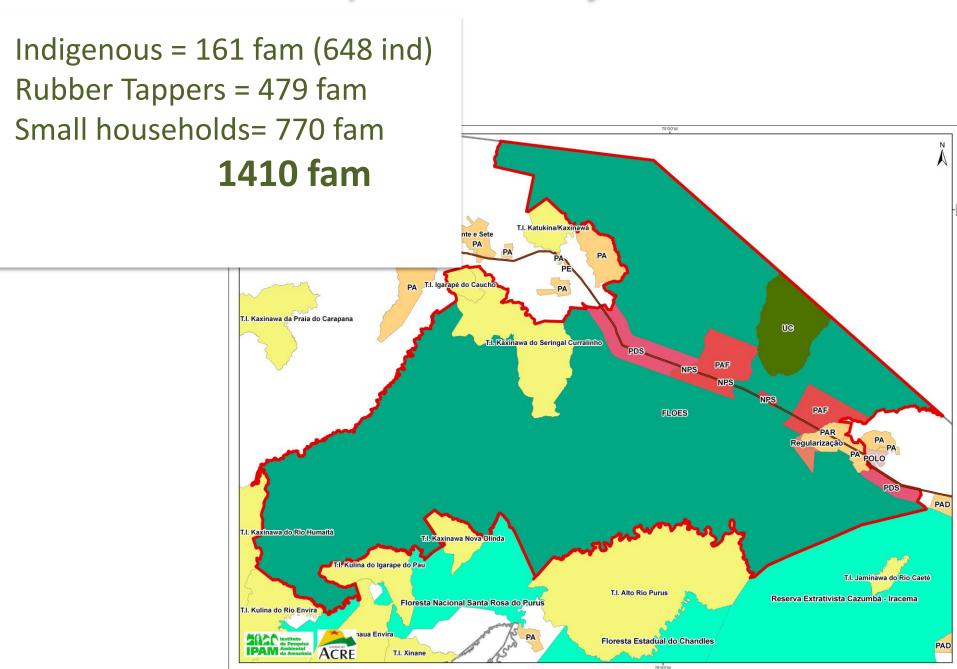
Alto = 261.548 ha (12%)

Relevante = 891.556 ha (40%)

2.219.232 ha



Priority Area 3 – Feijo Manuel Urbano





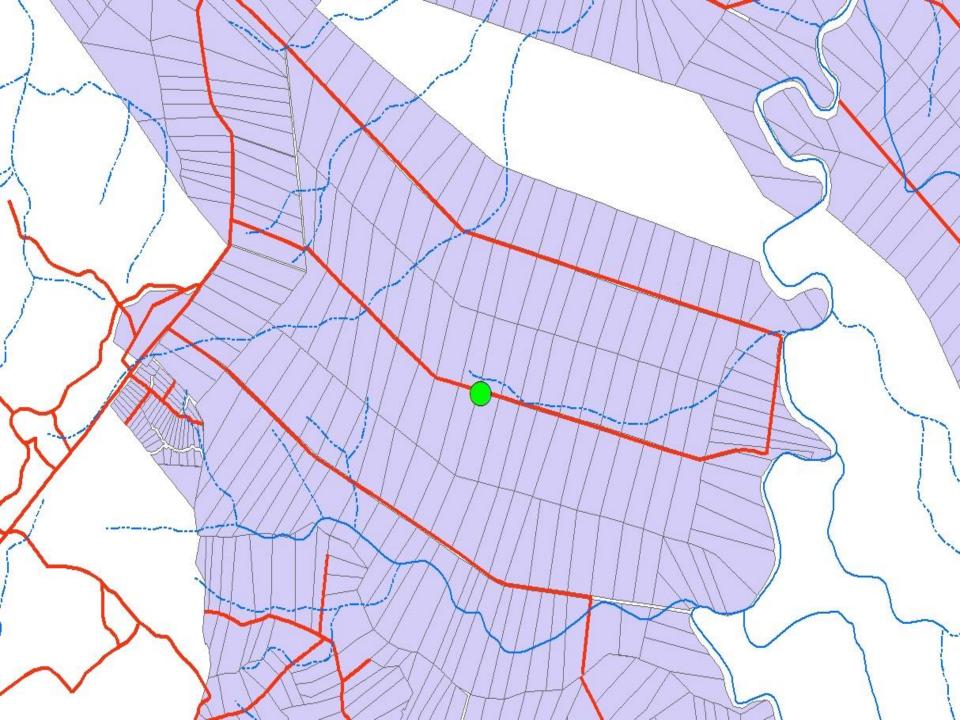
- 1. Gradual implementation: Priority Areas.
- 2. Consolidation of landscape in Priority Area addressing social, cultural, environmental and economical development issues:
 - Indigenous Territory Management Plan
 - Community Development Plan
 - Small households certification plan at property level
- 3. Promote the value of standing forests while enhancing the productivity of deforested areas:
 - Technical Assistance for productivity increase of deforested area and sustainable forestry
 - Credit access for sustainable activities
 - Strengthening of Community organization
 - Public investments on forest production chains (timber, rubber and other non timber forest products)



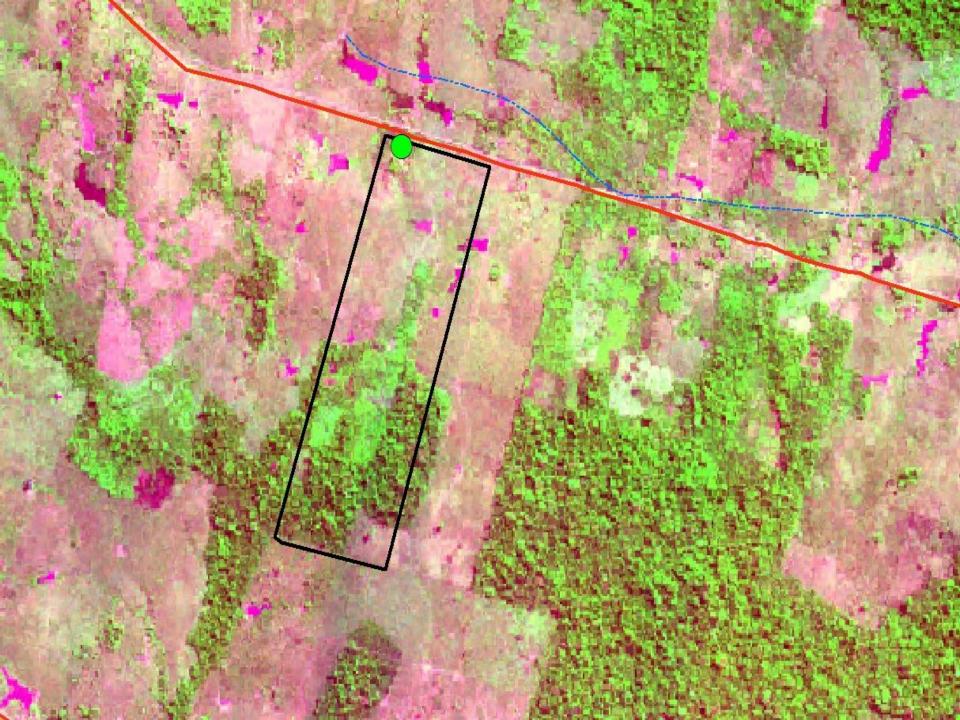
- 1. Gradual implementation: Priority Areas.
- 2. Consolidation of landscape in Priority Area (Indigenous Territories, Extractive Areas and Settlement Projects)
- 3. Promote the value of standing forests while enhancing the productivity of deforested areas
- 4. Environmental services payments for forest protection and for banning deforestation and burnings benefiting the social groups responsible for providing environmental services.

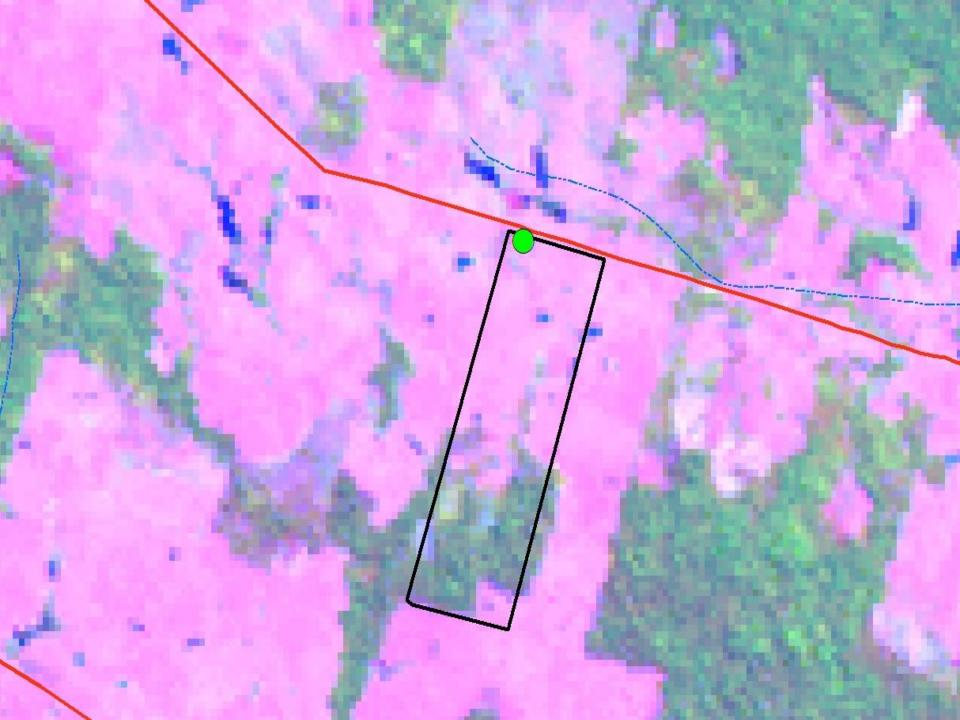


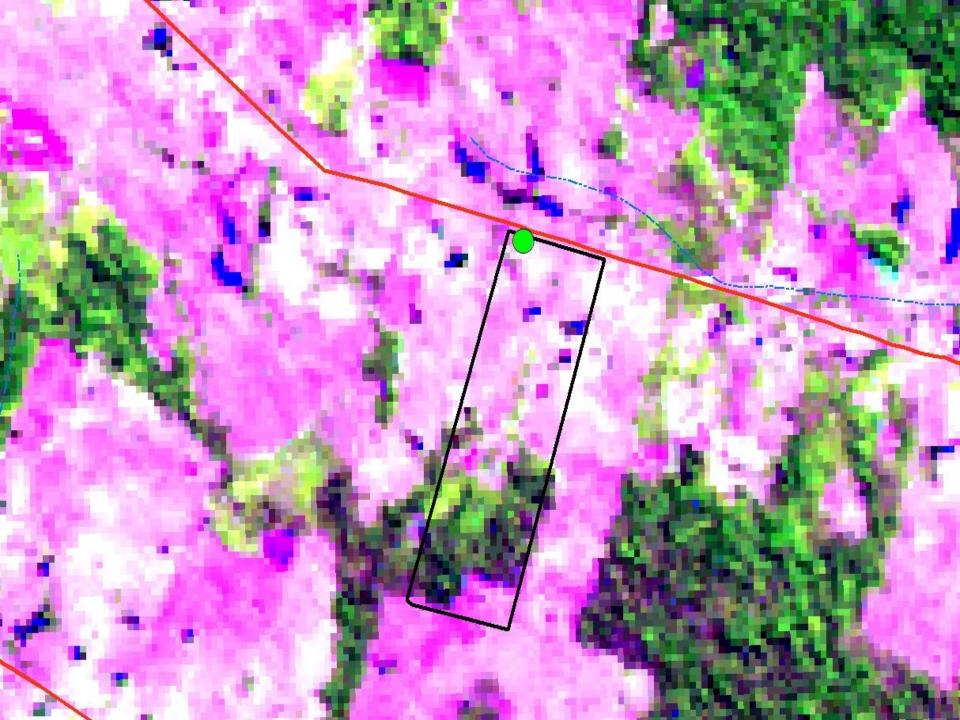
5. Strengthening and modernizing the monitoring and control system of forest assets and deforestation at property level with capacity building for government staff.

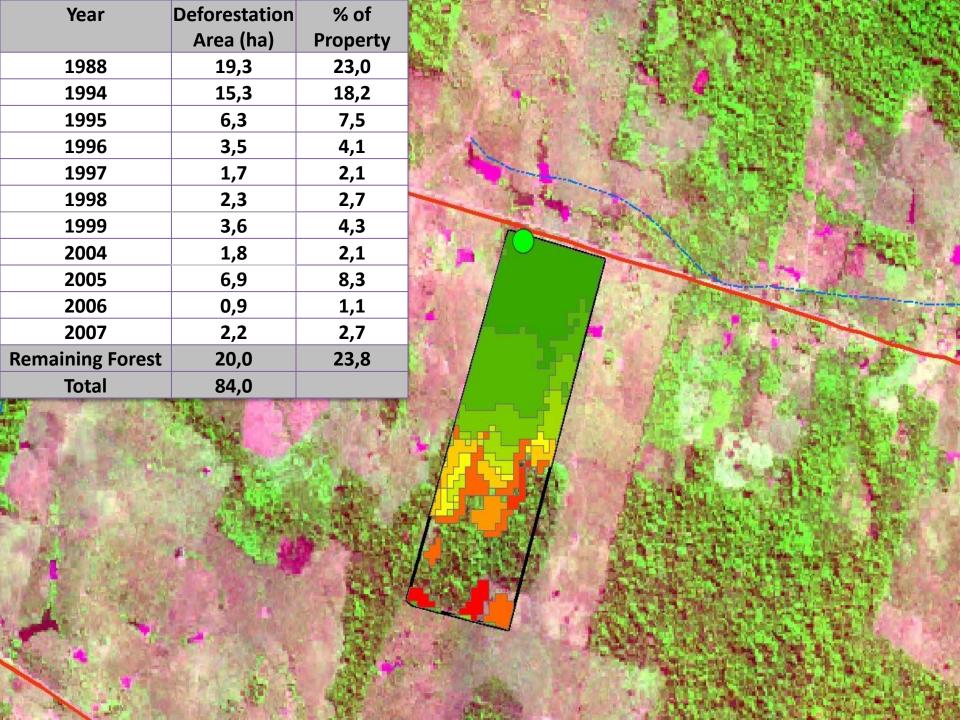














- 5. Strengthening and modernizing the monitoring and control system of forest assets (deforestation and degradation)
- 6. Establishment of the Acre Forest Asset Fund to receive funding from private and public sources and to distribute to service providers from different social groups



Timeframe

- Conclusion of the 1st version of the REDD Plan by end of July
- Currently writing a proposal for Amazon Fund
- Second semester 2009:
 - Implementation of the Priority Area
 - Establishment of the Forest Asset Fund
 - Run for CCB and VCS certification of the priority area